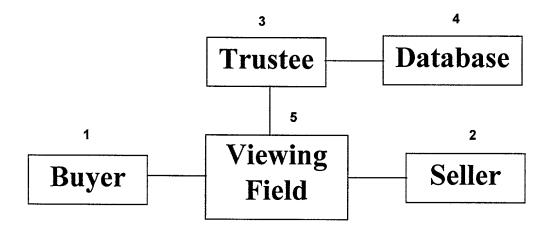
20 * FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS

- 21 TOBACCO PRODUCTS
- 22 TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS

FIG. 1

- 23 APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS
- 24 LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS
- 25 FURNITURE AND FIXTURES
- 26 PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS
- 27 PRINTING AND PUBLISHING
- 28 CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS
- 29 PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS
- 30 RUBBER AND MISC. PLASTICS PRODUCTS
- 31 LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS
- 32 STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS
- 33 PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES
- 34 FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS
- 35 INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT
- 36 ELECTRONIC & OTHER ELECTRIC EQUIPMENT
- 37 TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT
- 38 INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED PRODUCTS
- 39 MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES
- (* The numbers ahead of the industries indicate the SIC code)

FIG. 2a



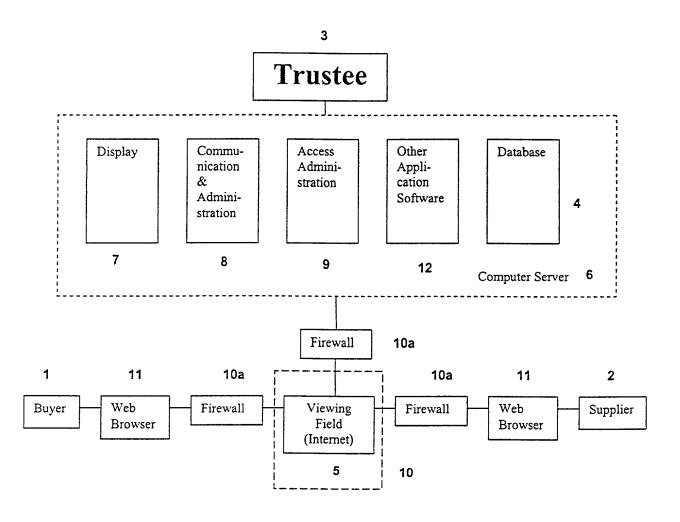
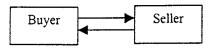
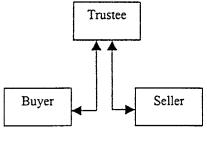


FIG. 2b

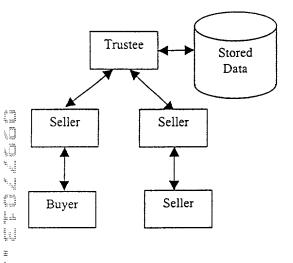
FIG. 2c



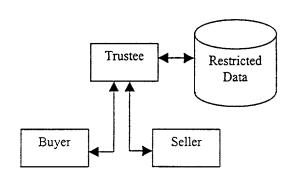
13



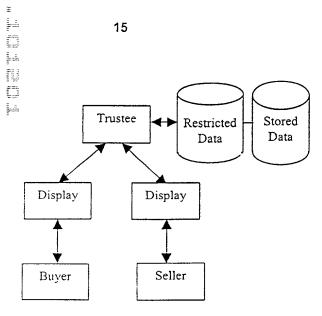
14



15



16



Trustee Stored Restricted Data Data Display Display Buyer Seller

17 .

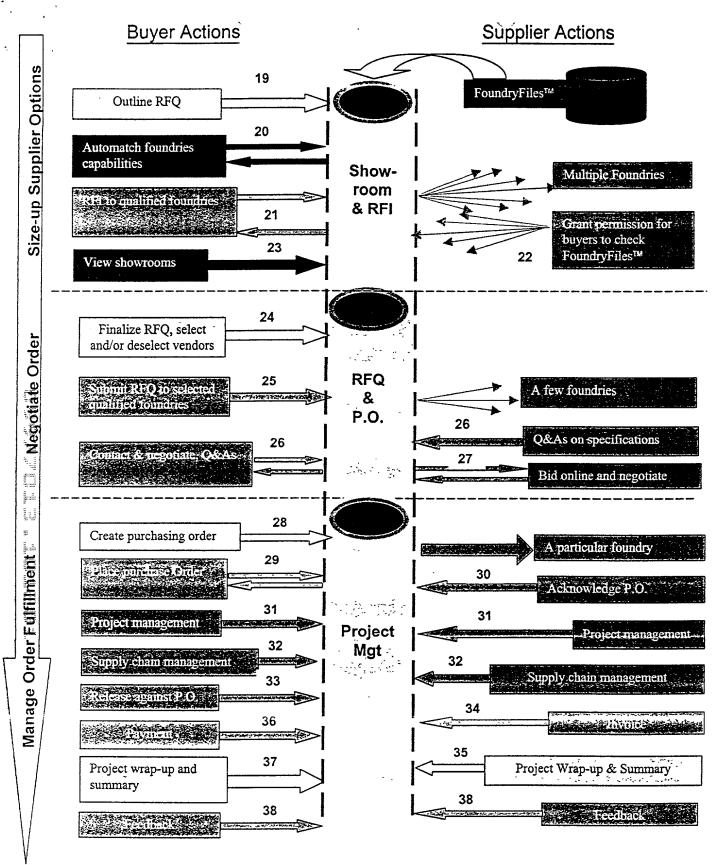


FIG. 3

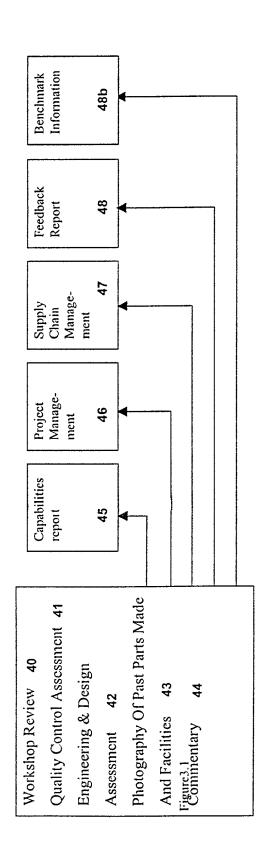


FIG. 4

Introduction

This is a procedure for the audit of a foundry as the basis for a FoundryFilesTM report for evaluation and assessment of foundry technical capabilities, production capacities, quality control, engineering and design, and management, service and training.

Part I: Technical Capabilities

1) Production Capacity

Workshop size: Casting weight range (ton): Casting size range (mm): Average weekly tonnage: Maximum weekly tonnage: Production capacity used:	FIG. 5a
2) Technical Capabilities Types of melting facilities: • Electric induction/electric arc cupola/other	
Design facilities: No Number of employees	
Patternmaking facilities \(\Bar{Y} \) es \(\Bar{N} \) Number of employees	
Machining facilities: □Yes □ No Number of employees Type of machines: □Conventional/□NC/□CNC/□ lathes/□ borers vertical or horizontal/□drills, bench, radial, multi-pindle/□ other, please specify	····
Is pattern/machining shop directly controlled by foundry? □Yes □ No	
Is above capacity tied to own use/associate/group companies?	□No
If so, what is the percentage/tonnage?	
Coremaking facilities □ Oil sand □ CO2 □ shell □ No-bake, chemical bonded □ other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Industrial standards used:	

□ ANSI Y14.5M-1982	
□ISO 8062	
□ASTM	
□ASME	
$\square AA$	
□EU	
☐ Other, please specify	
3) Casting Processes	FIG. 5b
☐ Conventional molding processes	rig. 50
☐ Green sand casting	
☐ High density molding	
☐ Flaskless molding	
☐ Tight Flask molding	
☐ Skin-Dried and dry sand molding	
Other, please specify	
☐ Precision molding and casting processes	
☐ Permanent molding ("Gravity die casting")	
☐ Low pressure molding ("Die casting")	
☐ High pressure molding ("Die casting")	
☐ Investment casting ("Lost Wax")	
☐ Ceramic molding ("Shaw process")	
☐ Hitchiner process ("CLA, CLAS, CLAV")	
Other, please specify	
☐ Chemically bonded sand molding processes	
☐ Shell molding (Organic)	
☐ Sodium Silicate CO2 Bonded molding (Inorganic)	
No-Bake molding (Chemically bonded self-setting san	d mixtures)(Organic)
☐ Other, please specify	
☐ Special and innovative molding and casting processes	
☐ Evaporative Pattern Casting (EPC)	
□ Vacuum ("V") Process Molding	
☐ Centrifugal Process Molding	
□ "H" Process Molding	
☐ Lost Foam Molding	
☐ Other, please specify	
4) Casting Materials Used	
□ Ferrous Metals	
□Gray Iron	

	☐ Class 20 ☐ Class 30 ☐ Class 40 ☐ White Iron Ni-Hard, High Cr. ☐ Alloyed Irons, Ni-Resist ☐ Compacted Graphite Irons ☐ Other, please specify	□Class 50	□ Class 60
	Ductile Iron		
	☐ Ferritic (60-40-15, 60-45-12, 60-40-18)		
	☐ Pearlitic/Ferritic (80-55-06, 80-60-03)		
	□ Pearlitic (100-70-03)		
	□ Martensitic (120-90-02)		
	☐ Bainitic (130-100-04)		
	☐ Other, please specify		FIG. 5c
. []	Malleable Iron		
□Ste	eel		
	☐ Carbon and low alloy		
	☐ Corrosion resistant steel		
	☐ Heat-resistant steel		
	☐ Manganese-Wear resistant steel		
∏Fei	rous Metals		
	□Brass		
	□Bronze		
	□ Nickel-Base Alloys		
	□Zinc Base Alloys		
	□ Aluminum Alloys		
	☐ Sand casting and permanent mold alloys		
	☐ Die-casting alloys		
	☐ Aluminum-Magnesium Alloys		
	☐ Magnesium Alloys		

Part II: Workshop Review

Part I requires the auditor to visit the main manufacturing departments of the foundry and make notations covering three main aspects of each: machine types, proof of calibration, and operator procedures (SPS).

• Machine types: determine at least Machine "model" and "maker" from machine label plates. "Capacity" and "year made" information may be supplied by foundry personnel.

Molding machines:

	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Tvery complete	Date: knowledge Zacceptable Zincomplete understanding
) F	lask sizes	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete	knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete understanding
S	and mixer	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete	knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete understanding
N	Iolding boxes	
	Machine model:	MakerYear made:
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
. N		knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete understanding
) 1V.	Iould handling system	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete	Date: knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete understanding
S	and plant	
	Machine model:	MakerYear made:
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete	knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete understanding
M	lelting furnace:	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Capacity:Calibrated by:	Year made:Date:

FIG. 5d

FIG. 5e

) M	lachining equipment	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	MakerYear made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete known	owledge [acceptable [incomplete understanding
) T	ooling machines Manual	l .
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete know	Date:owledge
) To	ooling machines CNC	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	MakerYear made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: very complete kno	owledge Zacceptable Zincomplete understanding
	Machine model:Capacity:	MakerYear made:
	Calibrated by:	Date:
	Operation: Every complete kno	owledge Sacceptable Sincomplete understanding
) To	ooling machines Other	
	Machine model:	Maker
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Operation: very complete kno	Date:
T D -	A Pinishing Politica (N	
P0	si-rinisning racilities (Rep	port on five machines of foundry's choic
	Machine model:	Maker
	Machine model.	
	Capacity:	Year made:
	Capacity: Calibrated by:	Year made:Date:
	Capacity: Calibrated by: Operation: Every complete kno	Maker Year made: Date: wledge Sacceptable Sincomplete understanding
	Capacity: Calibrated by: Operation: Tvery complete kno	Year made:Date:

	Capacity:	_Year made:		
	Calibrated by: Operation: Overy complete knowledge acceptable	_Date:		
	Operation: Every complete knowledge Eacceptable	= _incomplete un	derstanding	
	Machine model: Capacity: Calibrated house	Make	r	
	Capacity:	_Year made:		
	Calibrated by: Operation: Every complete knowledge Eacceptable	_Date:		
	Operation: Every complete knowledge Eacceptable	≘	derstanding	
	Machine model: Capacity:	Make	r	
	Capacity:	Year made:		^ E£
	Calibrated by: Operation: Divery complete knowledge Dacceptable	_Date:	FI	G. 5f
	Operation: Divery complete knowledge Dacceptable	incomplete un	derstanding	
	Machine model:	Make	r	
	Capacity:	Year made:		
	Calibrated by: Operation: Tvery complete knowledge Tacceptable	Date:		
	Operation: Every complete knowledge Eacceptable	incomplete un	derstanding	
	•			
_				
Part	III: Special Capabilities Review			
Part II	has three distinct parts: assessment of the qu	ıality lab (instr	rumentation) and of the	ne design
center	(CAD/CAM), and photography of represent	ative output in	the form of in-proces	SS
casting		•	•	
(A) Q	uality Laboratory Assessment			
Part A	requires the auditor to go the quality laborate	ory of the foun	dry and go through th	ne steps
indicat	ted in Part I above for the main workshop are	as: identify ma	chine types, obtain p	roof of
	ation, and assess operator competence.	•	71 / 1	
	1			
(1)	Awards received			
(-)				•
	Name of awards			
	Awarded by]	Date	_
	Name of awards			
	Awarded by	•	Date	
				-
	Name of awards			
	Awarded by		Date	-
	Name of awards			
	Name of awardsAwarded by		Date	
				-
	Name of awards			

Awarded by ______ Date _____

	Awarded by	Date
(2)	ISO 9000 certified?	
	ISO Series Certified:	
	ISO Series Certified: Audited by:Date:	
(3)	QS 9000 certified?	
	If certified,	
	Audited by:Date:	
(4)	ISO 14000 certified?	FIG. 5g
	If certified,	
	Audited by:Date:	
(5)	6σ implementation?	
	Date from	
	Date from Audited by:	
	Operation: Tvery complete knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete	understanding
(6)		_
	Type:	
	Calibrated by: Date:	
	Operation: Every complete knowledge Eacceptable Eincomplete	understanding
(7)	Digital laser measurement system	-
	Type:	
	Type:	
	Operation: Tvery complete knowledge Tacceptable Tincomplete	understanding
(8)	Non-destructive testing (X-Ray, etc)	
	Туре:	
	Calibrated by: Date:	
	Calibrated by:Date:	understanding
(9)	Mechanical properties testing machines	
	Type:	
	Calibrated by: Date:	
	Type:	understanding
	Thermal testing machines	
	Type:	
	Calibrated by: Date:	
	Type:	understanding

Calibrated	by	Date:	
Operation:	: Every complete knowledge Eacc	Date:	
12) Pouring m	nonitoring (electromagnetic trea	tment)	FIC
Equipment	t used:		
Operation:	□very complete knowledge □acce	eptable Dincomplete understanding	
13) Dimension			
Process:	Accuracy	Standards used	
Calibrated	by:	Date:	
Operation:	□very complete knowledge □acce	eptable Dincomplete understanding	
Process:	Accuracy	Standards used	
Operation:	by:	Standards used Date: Eptable Gincomplete understanding	
Calibrated	hv:	Standards usedDate:ptableincomplete understanding	
Operation	Tyery complete knowledge Tages	Date.	
Process:	Accuracy	Standards usedDate:ptable _incomplete understanding	
Calibrated 1	by:	Date:	
Operation:	Every complete knowledge Eacce	eptable Tincomplete understanding	
Process:	Accuracy	Standards used	
	by:	Date:	
Calibrated 1 Operation:	Every complete knowledge Eacce	ptable □incomplete understanding	
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee	g and Design Center Assessing inventory of CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at		r to go
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee ay the softw	g and Design Center Assessing inventory of CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the one.	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee ay the softw Engineer:	g and Design Center Assessing and Design CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification. Version:	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the control of the contro	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee ay the softw Engineer:	g and Design Center Assessing inventory of CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the control of the contro	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee ay the softw Engineer:	g and Design Center Assessing and Design CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification. Version: One of licenses	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the computer module.	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee ay the softw Engineer: No	g and Design Center Assessing and Design Center Assessing enventory of CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification (Version: One of licenses	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the one.	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's enginee ay the softw Engineer: No	g and Design Center Assessing and Design CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification. Version: One of licenses	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the one.	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's engineer ay the softw Engineer No TIA Version No as Version:	g and Design Center Assessment inventory of CAD/CAM/CAMering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification (Version:	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the one.	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's engineer ay the softw Engineer No TIA Version No as Version:	g and Design Center Assessing and Design Center Assessing enventory of CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification (Version: One of licenses	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the one.	r to go operato
Engineering B is a simple dry's engineer ay the softw Engineer No TIA=Version No	g and Design Center Assessing and Design Center Assessing enventory of CAD/CAM/CA ering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification (Version: One of licenses	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the one.	r to go
Engineering B is a simple dry's engineer ay the softw Engineer No FIA Version No FIA Version: No	g and Design Center Assessment inventory of CAD/CAM/CAMering and design center, sit at vare installed for identification (Version:	nent AE software. It requires the auditor a computer module, and have the control of the contro	r to go

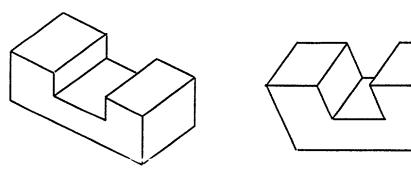
Solidworks = Version:	
No. of licenses	
Magma: \(\text{Version:} \)	
No. of licenses	
	FIG. 31
ABAQUS=Version:	
No. of licenses	
Other=Version:	
No. of licenses	
Oal- areas	
Other=Version:	<u> </u>
No. of licenses	
Other-Varsian.	
Other=Version:	<u> </u>
No. of licenses	

(C) Photography of in-process castings

Part C requires the auditor to take a series of photographs of representative output of the foundry. The fundamental requirement is that all pieces photographed should be taken from work in process -- NOT from finished goods inventory or showroom. [Note: The foundry will have a separate option to display goods of their choice from their showroom in connection with the castingtrade.com site.]

The ideal is to photograph ten different pieces. Some of the photographs should be taken after the final finishing stage. It would be good to take some at the just-cast stage, as well (and ideally covering several different stages of the same piece).

The format of the photograph should be at an isometric or trimetric view:



Isometric View

Trimetric View

(D) Management, Service and Training Program	
What kind of management systems used now?	
□ JIT □ ERP □ CIMS □ FMS □ TQM□ Other, please specify	
Advice for casting pattern, process, materials and design? ☐ Yes ☐ No	
Own delivery facilities? Yes No If, yes, what's the transportation capacity?	FIG. 5j
Education/Training programs for continuous improvements? \square Y es \square No If yes, list the program title(s):	
	•
Part IV: Commentary	
Space is provided for other comments and observations by the auditor. This time used to make sure all other parts of the report form are complete, fill in any missin and add any additional comments.	may also be ng information,

٠.

Cast Metal Parts Project Management -- Key Steps

(To be included in project management software.)

Tooling

- Drawing interpretation
- 3D modeling
- Master pattern fabrication
- Coremaking
- Mold making

Parts Casting

- Mold layout
- Metal melting
- Testing pouring
- Process control
- First article part
- Volume production

Finishing

- Sprue removal
- Snapping, chipping & cleaning
- Tumbling, pickling & welding
- Heat treatment

Inspection

- Visual inspection
- Dimensional inspection
- Non-destructive testing

Shipping

- Shipment schedule
- Shipment implementation
- Clear customs (if applicable)
- Shipment tracking
- Shipment received

FIG. 6

